IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1, 20-22, 24, 25, 32-35 and 37-38 as follows. Claims 2-19 have previously been canceled without prejudice.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for using standardized bank services via mobile radiotelephone, comprising the steps of transmitting <u>data</u> between a bank server and a mobile station [builds on a HBCI transmission method];

inserting [an HBCI] <u>a communications</u> gateway into the transmission path between the bank server and the mobile station, which carries out a transformation between the [[HBCI]] transmission method used at the bank end and a transmission method used at the radiotelephone end; and

splitting of the customer-end [HBCI] system into two components, a SIM card of the mobile station and [the HBCI] said communications gateway.

Claims 2-19, previously canceled.

20. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein two transmission routes are formed, first between a SIM card and the [[HBCI]] <u>communications</u> gateway and second between the [[HBCI]] <u>communications</u> gateway and a bank server.

- 21. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein [an HBCI] <u>a</u> <u>banking</u> protocol is unpacked by the [[HBCI]] <u>communications</u> gateway and its protocol sequence is converted such that compatibility with a GSM SIM card and a GSM network is obtained in order for an exchange of the converted protocol with the GSM SIM card is to be possible.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein as a carrier service for information exchange between <u>said</u> [[HBCI]] <u>communications</u> gateway and mobile station serves a GSM data transmission service, in particular Short Message Service, GPRS or USSD.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 20, wherein on both routes a cryptographic security is realized.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein between the bank server and the [[HBCI]] communications gateway a security protocol defined by the [[HBCI]] communications is applied and between the [[HBCI]] communications gateway and a SIM card a second security protocol is employed.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 24, wherein a second security protocol corresponds to a protocol reduced in terms of data quantity but equivalent to the [[HBCI]] communications gateway in terms of security technology.

- 26. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 25, wherein a cryptographic key (Ksms) specific to each subscriber is securely generated and stored in a SIM card for use in the second security protocol after regular SIM card personalization.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the generation of a key (Ksms) specific to a subscriber is generated in a SIM card by entering an initialization PIN on a mobile telephone.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 27, wherein a subscriber is informed per PIN letter by the bank of a PIN for generating the key (Ksms).
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein during a card personalization by the mobile radiotelephone network operator together with a bank application, an initialization key KIV, derived from a master key and a SIM card-individual number, for generating a Ksms specific to the subscriber is applied onto a plurality of SIM cards.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein before subscription to a service a subscriber receives the data of his bank including an initialization PIN.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 30, wherein during an initialization of an application, i.e., during subscription, with the aid of the KIV, from the initialization PIN a key Ksms is generated through triple DES using a local PIN, a bank routing number and an account number.

- 32. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 27, wherein in the generation of the Ksms in the [[HBCI]] communications gateway an initialization PIN is transferred to a gateway operator.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein generation of an initialization PIN takes place at the [[HBCI]] communications gateway and this is transferred to the bank server.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein an authentication of two involved sites, mobile radiotelephone subscriber and <u>said</u> [[HBCI]] <u>communications</u> gateway, takes place by knowledge of an initialization PIN exchanged in writing.
- 35. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein between mobile radiotelephone network operator and the [[HBCI]] communications gateway operator a master key is exchanged.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein an additional authentication of a subscriber takes place via an identification of his/her mobile connection to carry out an evaluation of a calling line identification (CLI).
- 37. (Currently Amended) A method for using standardized bank services via mobile radiotelephone, comprising the steps of

transmitting data between a bank server and a mobile station [uilds on a HBCI transmission method]

inserting [an HBCI] <u>a communication</u> gateway into the transmission path between the bank server and the mobile station, which carries out a transformation between the [[HBCI]] transmission method used at the bank end and a transmission method used at the radiotelephone end:

splitting the customer-end [[HBCI]] system into two components, a SIM card of the mobile station and the HBCI gateway;

forming two transmission routes, the first between a SIM card and the HBCI gateway and the second between the [[HBCI]] communication gateway and a bank server; and

unpacking [an HBCI] <u>a communication</u> protocol by the [[HBCI]] <u>communication</u> gateway and converting its protocol sequence such that compatibility with a GSM SIM card and a GSM network is obtained so that an exchange of the converted protocol with the GSM SIM card is possible.

38. (Currently Amended) A method for using bank services via mobile radiotelephone in which data is transmitted between a bank server and a mobile station, comprising the steps of:

inserting a communications gateway into the transmission path between the bank server and the mobile station, which carries out a transformation between the transmission method used at the bank end and a wireless transmission method used at the radiotelephone end <u>including a reduction of data transmitted to the mobile station</u>;

transmitting data between the communications gateway and the mobile station according to the wireless transmission method used at the radio telephone end; and

transmitting data between the communications gateway and the bank server using the transmission method used at the bank end.